

# Newport Mercury.

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eration of the Proprietors) until arrearages are paid.

## Poetry.

The following lines, written by H. L. Ellenwood,  
Esq., formerly of Boston, but for several years  
previous to his death a resident of North Caro-  
lina, were written for the Raleigh Register im-  
mediately after the great annular eclipse in 1831:

MARRIAGE OF THE SUN AND MOON.

Do you know that a wedding has happened on  
high?  
And who were the parties united?  
Twas the Sun and the Moon! In the Halls of  
the sky  
They were joined; and our Continent witnessed  
No Confinement else was continued. (1.)

Their courtship was tedious, for seldom they met  
Till—*as it were*—the long centuries glided.  
But the warmth of his love she could hardly forget,  
For though distant afar, he would smile on her  
yet,  
Save when Earth the fond couple divided.

But why so prolix the courtship? and why  
So long was postponed their connection?  
That the bridegroom was anxious "twain to  
be one."  
Since the heat of his passion prevailed the sky:  
But the bride was renowned for reflection.  
Besides, 'tis reported their friends were all vexed;  
The match was deemed somehow unequal;  
And when bid to the wedding, each made some  
excuse.  
To decline, till the lovers wore out and perplexed,  
Were compelled to elope in the sequel.

Man and Jupiter never such business could bear.  
So they hastily kept themselves from harm;  
Herschel dwelt at such distance, he would not be  
there,  
Saturn sent with reluctance his ring to the  
fair. (2.)

Only see, dim, pale planet, of planets the least,  
Condescend these nymphs to honor;  
And that seemed like asking away to the East,  
Some asset, it was Mercury acting as Priest;  
Some Venus a rejoicing—*Shame on her!* (3.)

Earth in silence reposed, as the bridegroom and  
bride  
In their mutual embraces would linger;  
Whilst, careering through regions of light at his  
side,  
He displayed the bright ring, not a "World too  
wide!"

For a conjugal pledge, on her finger.  
Henceforth shall these orbs to all husbands and  
wives  
Shine a pattern of duty respected;  
All her splendor and glory from him she derives.  
And she shows to the world, the kindness he  
gives.  
Is faithfully prized and reflected.

(1.) The eclipse was visible only on this  
continent.  
(2.) The annular ring of light was all of the  
Sun visible.  
(3.) A Comet was seen during the eclipse.  
(4.) Venus was the only other planet visible.

## Agriculture.

ITEMS FOR FARMERS.—NITRATE OF SO-  
DA.—Mr. Stephenson of Edinburgh applied  
the salt of nitrate of soda and two cwt of  
common salt per acre to a wheat crop, and  
increased the yield nine bushels per acre.

BIRDS AND CORN.—Birds must eat, and  
it is natural for them to look in the plowed  
fields for food. Of course they will pull up  
your corn, unless you prevent them by  
making it unfit for food. If you shoot or  
poison the birds, you will kill your friends.

If you wish to prevent them from eating  
your seed corn, pour a bushel of seed  
into a tight vessel and heat a pint of tar  
and stir it over the corn, and add warm  
water and stir all together until the grains  
are coated with tar; then drain off the  
water, and add lime, ashes or plaster, or  
beet-bran, enough to adhere to the grains,  
so that you can handle them without stick-  
ing, and the birds will not pull your crop  
soon as it comes above the surface.

BOXES may be decomposed by putting  
them between layers of wood-ashes moist-  
ened in a barrel. Bones and eggshells  
could be thus disposed of as fast as they  
come from the kitchen. A strong heating  
impost heap will decompose bones.—  
A slat of vitriol in an old kettle or  
earthen jar, is a good thing into which  
cast the waste bones.

TOMATOES should always be bushed just  
much as peas, and who but a sloven  
likes of raising the latter without any  
support. Tomato plants should be trimm-  
ed, and not permitted to bear all the  
weight that sets upon the bushes.

DEADENING TIMBER.—When the bark  
is freely in June, July or August is the  
time to girdle trees. Cut the small  
with three feet above ground; the roots  
will sprout and the stumps are more  
easily removed.

BROOM CORN.—A ton of broom corn  
make 1,200 or 1,300 brooms. It is  
worth \$50 a ton, besides the seed. It is a  
crop in the Mohawk Valley.

RED ANTS may be driven away by  
sprinkling sea-shore sand upon the  
paths.

CHICKENS should be kept in coops, with  
a board above the ground, until they get  
big enough to run at large.

## Selected Cal.

TRUE BENEVOLENCE.

BY A. H. DAVIS.

It was a bitter cold night in the latter  
part of December, 18—: the wind howled  
dismally, the snow was beating about in  
drifts, when late one evening an Irish lad  
about twelve years old entered the count-  
ing-house of a wealthy merchant in the  
city of N—.

"Can you help a poor family a little,  
who are perishing with want?" said the lad,  
as he timidly approached the desk where  
two gentlemen were seated, balancing  
their accounts for the day. One was a  
middle-aged man, about forty-five; the  
other a young man, about thirty. They  
were not aware of the presence of any  
other than themselves, till apprised by the  
timid voice of the lad, who had entered  
silently and unperceived.

Mr. C., the elder of the two, was the  
owner of the establishment. He was  
thought by his neighbors to be wealthy;  
and what is more, he had the reputation of  
being very benevolent. And perhaps we  
should do him injustice, if we did not  
credit him with giving extensively to cer-  
tain objects; but he liked exceedingly  
well when he did give, to have it heralded  
abroad. He well-nigh forgot the instruc-  
tion of the savior: "take heed that ye do  
not give your alms before men to be seen  
of them; otherwise ye have no reward of  
your Father which is in heaven." The  
true spirit of benevolence, by a vast major-  
ity of mankind at the present day, is hardly  
understood, or if understood, sadly misap-  
plied.

As the lad addressed Mr. C., he turned  
his eyes from the sheet he was reviewing,  
and fixed them upon him for a moment, and  
then replied:

"Nothing to give; and if I had, I should  
be careful to seek a worthy object to be-  
stow my charity upon," and then resumed  
his former occupation.

After receiving this sharp rebuke, the  
lad turned away sadly and silently, and  
left the room.

As the boy turned to go out, the clerk,  
who was a young man of benevolent feel-  
ings, thought he perceived evident marks  
of distress through the tears that glistened  
in his eyes, and immediately arose and  
followed him.

"Where are you going?" shouted Mr.  
C.

"Will be back in a moment!" said the  
clerk.

"You are a fool if you squander your  
money on that DIRTY PADDY!"

The clerk was too much moved in his  
sympathies towards the object of his pur-  
suit, to notice these last bitter remarks.—  
He made his way into the street. The  
night-lamp glimmered in the cold, and the  
first breath that he drew, after reaching the  
side-walk, admonished him of the  
weather. All was still without, save the  
dismal wind, and the heavy tread of the  
watchman, with his coat muffled closely  
about him, as he went from goal to goal on  
his nightly vigil.

It was with some difficulty that Mr. W.,  
—for that was the name of the clerk,—  
found the lad; and when he did, he was  
recoiling against a lamp-post, shivering  
with cold, and weeping most bitterly.

"My lad, you seem deeply distressed."

"And why should I not, when my poor  
father is at home sick, and my mother suf-  
fering? We have nothing to eat but a few  
potatoes, and those are nearly gone; and  
though I have been out all this cold day,  
yet I have received nothing but abuse and  
reproach for being a paddy, as they call me;  
what can I do? I fear my poor father  
will die!"

Mr. W. asked him many questions, to  
which he received prompt answers; and he  
thought he perceived marks of unusual  
intelligence for a lad of his age. After  
ascertaining the place of their abode, Mr.  
W. gave him a shilling, promising to call  
the next day.

The shilling was gratefully received,  
and it lightened not only his heart, but his  
feet; and he sped his way briskly home,  
saying to himself as he went, "Oh how  
glad even this shilling will make the hearts  
of my parents!"

Henry Collins, the lad introduced, was  
the son of a native born Irishman. His  
mother was the daughter of a wealthy gen-  
tleman in the city of —, in Ireland.—  
Her father, being naturally a kind-hearted  
man, loved his daughter, and had brought  
her up in the most accomplished manner  
of the times. But he was a Roman Cath-  
olic; and like most of his countrymen,  
was devotedly attached to the principles  
of the church, and would sacrifice anything  
rather than his religion.

Mrs. Collins, when about eighteen,  
accidentally became acquainted with a fam-  
ily of individuals who were highly respect-  
able, and who were at the same time devo-  
tely pious. Being naturally thoughtful,  
and having no particular relish for the  
vanities of this world, her mind became

deeply interested. In a word she renou-  
ced Catholicism for the easier yoke of  
Christ.

When it became known to the father,  
that his daughter had become a Protestant,  
his rage was excited;—he flattered, he  
threatened, but all to no effect.

To be a protestant in Ireland, is to be  
an outcast from society. So our young  
friend soon found to her sorrow; but she  
never regretted the step she had taken,  
though it deprived her of many of the  
comforts of this life, and subjected her to  
severe trials.

Her father, finding threats ineffectual,  
finally banished her from his roof, and  
disinherited her for life; thus reducing  
her at once from affluence to poverty.

Though this last brutal act of her father  
cut her to the heart, yet she could respond  
to the sentiment of the Poet:

"Let the world despise and leave me—  
They have left my savior too;  
Human hearts and looks deceive me,  
Thou art not like them untrue;  
And whilst thou shalt smile upon me,  
God of wisdom, love and might,  
Foes may hate, and friends forsake me;  
Show thy face, and all is bright!"

After leaving the residence of her father,  
she sought the protection of a few Chris-  
tian friends, some miles distant; and  
becoming acquainted with Mr. Collins, a  
young man of unblemished character,  
though poor, she married him. But, being  
unable to endure the reproach heaped  
upon them by their connexions, they soon  
after left their native country for America.  
And when arrived at the place of destina-  
tion, they found themselves strangers in a  
strange country, with but a few shillings  
left, with which to provide for their many  
wants.

They had been in the city of N—  
but a few days, when, finding their stock  
of provisions nearly exhausted, and the  
father continuing sick, they were obliged  
to solicit the aid of others, to keep them  
from actual starvation.

The next morning, after his interview  
with Henry Collins, Mr. W., according to  
agreement, visited the abode of his parents.  
And what a spectacle there met his view!

It was enough to have melted the stoutest  
heart, unless it was rendered callous by  
the coffers of this world. Their residence  
was in a retired part of the city, in an old  
building, which looked very much as though  
it had got the wreck of ages. Mr. W.,  
after wending his way up two flights of  
stairs, finally knocked at the door of a  
room in the most retired part of the house.  
He was met at the door by Mrs. Collins.  
Though every thing about the room had  
the appearance of extreme poverty, yet it  
was tidy. The unpainted floor was neatly  
washed and sanded. They had no chairs;  
but in the middle of room, as a substitute,  
was a sugar-box, which served for a table,  
chair and sofa. The room was exceed-  
ingly leaky, and the windows were shaking  
like a loose casement in the wind; and  
between the sash and casing were large  
crevices, through which the cold air from  
without was pouring in torrents, to the  
annoyance of the whole family. On the  
hearth was burning a fire, scantily supplied  
by some small bits of wood, which they  
had gathered in the yard of the house, left  
there by the former resident of this wrecked  
weather-beaten mansion. In the corner  
near the fire, lay a sick man, apparently in  
the last stages of disease. But not a mur-  
mur or groan escaped his lips, through a  
shade of despondency which at times  
came over his features; but even this was  
suppressed, when he thought how much  
easier was his lot than that of his  
blessed Master, who had no where to  
lay his head.

When Mr. W. entered, the mother and  
son were partaking of their scanty morn-  
ing meal, consisting of a few roasted pota-  
toes, sprinkled with salt. What a heart-  
rending scene! and yet, reader, while  
God has blessed you with enough and to  
spare, many may even now, in your own  
immediate vicinity, be like circumstanced.  
And what, I ask, do the principles of reli-  
gion require of you? "Do unto others as  
ye would that others should do unto you."

Mr. W. sat silently contemplating the  
objects around him for some time, before  
he could find utterance; and when he did,  
he addressed the mother. And from her  
he learned her sad history; and he did not  
leave them till he had placed in the hands  
of Mrs. C. a five-dollar note, telling her at  
the same time that he would provide for  
their further comfort. The mother was  
rejoiced. She attempted to express her  
gratitude, but tears choked her utterance;  
she buried her face in her hands, and sob-  
bed like a child. Mr. W. could endure it  
no longer, but hastily left the room, feeling  
more than doubly compensated, from the  
fact that he had, perhaps, saved four of his  
fellow-beings from actual starvation.

The first care of Mr. W., after leaving  
the residence of poverty, was to secure the  
aid of a respectable physician; and then he  
sought out a more convenient tenement,  
and furnished it in a manner suitable to  
render them comfortable. In the afternoon,

his wife, was a counterpart of himself, vis-  
ited them, carrying with her a basket of  
provisions, and some choice articles for the  
sick man.

"But how are we to repay all this kind-  
ness?" asked Mrs. Collins one day, as he  
visited them.

"He that giveth to the poor, lendeth  
to the Lord."

Time in its onward progress swiftly pas-  
sed away. Several years had now elapsed  
since the period of which we have been  
writing. Mr. Collins recovered from the  
sick bed; but his constitution had become  
so much injured by toil and trouble, that  
he gradually sunk under the weight of dis-  
ease, till he was finally borne to his rest.—  
Mr. C., the wealthy merchant introduced in  
the former part of the narrative, con-  
stantly meeting with losses in business,  
failed; forged a note, in order to retrieve  
his fallen fortunes; was detected, and obli-  
ged hastily to quit his country in order to  
save himself from imprisonment. Mr. W.,  
after returning to the counting-room on the  
evening alluded to, received such harsh  
treatment from his employer, that he left  
him, and collecting together his effects,  
commenced business for himself; and from  
that time till the time of which we are  
writing, gradually amassed wealth, a por-  
tion of which he was careful to devote to  
deeds of charity. Henry Collins, whom  
Mr. W. received into his employment had  
become an intelligent young man; and by  
his industry, was able to provide for his  
mother and sister.

One evening, while sitting in the count-  
ing-room, ruminating on the future Mr. W.  
entered, and handed him one of the even-  
ing papers, pointing at the same time to an  
advertisement. Henry took the paper, and  
read as follows:

"Died, in—*Ireland*, in the county of  
—, on the 4th of October, 18—, Mr.  
Samuel S—, leaving no heirs,  
that are known, in *Ireland*. He left a will,  
bequeathing his property to the children  
of an only daughter, Mary S—, who  
married a Henry Collins. They left  
*Ireland* and removed to America; but  
no intelligence has been received from  
them since."

The notice was so plain that they could  
not mistake; and consequently Henry im-  
mediately set about making preparations  
for a voyage to Europe. He consulted an  
attorney, procured the necessary creden-  
tials, and in a few days was on his voyage  
to *Ireland*.

Having arrived at his place of destina-  
tion, proved his identity, and established  
his claim, he took possession of a large  
amount of property in behalf of himself and  
sister.

His business in *Ireland* accomplished,  
he took his departure for home,—return-  
ing by the way of Liverpool. In England,  
he visited the place where his parents  
formerly resided, and also various other parts  
of the country, and about the middle of  
July set sail in one of the Liverpool pack-  
ets, for America.

It was at the close of an exceeding warm  
day. The sun had just submerged below  
the western horizon, and sunk into the  
deep, blue waves of the ocean. The evening  
was calm,—a gentle breeze from the  
land was playing on the surface of the  
water, fanning the broad, white canvass  
of the ship, which, gently yielding to its  
impulses, was moving majestically along  
over the broad expanse toward her desti-  
ned port. The watch had been stationed,  
some of whom were pacing the deck, their  
thoughts wandering, probably, to the far-  
off land where dwelt the loved ones of  
their hearts; while on the windlass, sur-  
rounded by some half dozen of the passen-  
gers, were seated another company, engag-  
ed in some "long yarns;" and various  
other groups might be seen in different  
parts of the ship, engaged either in survey-  
ing the broad expanse of water before and  
around, or in watching the twinkling stars  
above them. All was still save an occa-  
sional interruption, by the voice of the of-  
ficer of the watch ordering the adjust-  
ment of the sail, or the splash of the water  
when some huge fish, in his gambols, arose  
above his native element.

They had sailed in this manner for up-  
wards of an hour, when the startling cry  
was heard from the helmsman, "A man  
over-board.—A MAN OVERBOARD!"

A simultaneous rush was made from all  
quarters toward the side. The ship was  
instantly hove to, when the unfortunate  
man was seen struggling in the water, a  
short distance to the leeward. Preparations  
were making to lower the life-boat; but  
before they could have launched and man-  
naged it, the unfortunate man would  
either have drifted with the current and  
been lost from their sight in the obscurity  
of the evening, or sunk to rise no more.

Henry was standing by the taffrail,  
watching the struggles of the poor man;  
and, perceiving that what was to be done  
must be done quickly, he forgot his own  
personal safety, plunged into the briny ele-  
ment, and in a moment more was at his  
side. It was a hazardous undertaking;  
but being an excellent swimmer, he ac-

complished his object, and succeeded in  
keeping the head of the unfortunate man  
above the water till assistance arrived from  
the ship. When arrived on deck, what  
was his surprise, by the light of the ship's  
lanterns, to discover in the man whom he  
had rescued, Mr. C., the former employer  
of Mr. W. In a fit of intoxication he had  
seated himself carelessly on the rail, from  
whence he had fallen, as before described.

He was returning to America; but was so  
altered in his appearance, and being a  
steerage passenger, of whom there was a  
large number on board, was not recognized  
by Henry until the time of the accident.—  
The next morning, when Mr. C. was suf-  
ficiently recovered to walk about the deck,  
he sought out his deliverer, and soon re-  
cognized in him the little Irish boy who  
had applied at the desk for alms. As he  
looked on him, but for whom he might at  
that moment be in eternity, the words he  
addressed to his clerk, "You are a fool if  
you squander your money on that DIRTY  
PADDY," came fresh to his recollection.

After an absence of about twelve months,  
Henry found himself taking leave of the  
ship, and for the second time landing at  
one of the wharves of the city of N—.  
But, how differently circumstanced! Then  
a poor outcast, now the wealthiest of the  
wealthy.

After visiting his mother and sister,  
whom he tenderly loved, he hastened to  
the residence of Mr. W. He was met in  
the sitting-room by Susan, the lovely  
daughter of his friend. She was bathed  
in tears. He took her hand, inquiring at  
the same time the cause of her sorrow. She  
replied, that her father, but a few months  
before, had largely endorsed for what he  
then supposed to be one of the wealthiest  
firms in N—.

The company had failed,  
in consequence of which he was obliged  
to meet the payment. Not being able to  
meet his other demands, an attachment  
was laid on his property;—he was a bank-  
rupt. Unable to endure so severe a re-  
verse of fortune, he was reduced to sick-  
ness, and was then in an adjoining room,  
utterly bereft of his reason. "To-morrow,"  
added Susan, "all our valuable property  
will be sold under the hammer."

"Thank God, I am in time!" exclaimed  
Henry; and immediately left the room, af-  
ter having learned the name of the attorney  
who had transacted the business. To this  
man he quickly repaired; and, before he  
closed his eyes in sleep, had obtained a  
good title to the property of Mr. W., free  
from all incumbrances.

The next morning, he again visited the  
family of his worthy friend. Mr. W. was  
restored to reason, though much reduced in  
appearance. He recounted to his friend  
the proceeding of the previous day, and  
then presented to him the instrument that  
restored to him all his property.

"But how am I ever to refund your money?" asked Mr. W.

"HE THAT GIVETH TO THE POOR, LENDETH  
TO THE LORD," was the quick reply of  
Henry.

It was a lovely evening, about two  
months after, that both the parlors of Mr.  
W. were brilliantly illuminated, where  
a large company had already assembled.  
In one of the rooms was seated a worthy  
clergyman of one of the churches; in the  
other were seated Henry Collins and Susan  
W. Never was Henry so happy. Nor did  
the accomplished daughter of his friend  
and benefactor ever appear so lovely as on  
that occasion. In a few moments more the  
folding doors which separated the rooms  
were thrown open, when Henry and his be-  
trothed arose, advanced to the centre of  
the room where the clergyman was seated  
ready to perform his holy office, and bind  
them by ties which death only should sever.

The ceremony was scarcely concluded,  
when they were suddenly startled by a noise  
in the street, apparently the groans of an  
individual who was in deep distress. Mr.  
W. and others quickly repaired to the spot  
from whence it proceeded, where they  
found an individual badly wounded. They  
took him in and carried him into the house.

It proved to be Mr. C. In a fit of intoxi-  
cation he had fallen in the street, and in the  
darkness of the night had been run over by  
a carriage. His leg was broken, and one  
of his hands shockingly bruised. A sur-  
geon was immediately called, his leg was  
set, and he was as tenderly taken care of as  
though he had been one of the family.—  
This last accident had the effect to make  
him a sober and industrious man.

Listening to Evil Reports.  
The longer I live, the more I feel the  
importance of adhering to the rule which  
I have laid down for myself in relation to  
such matters.—1. To hear as little as  
possible whatever is to the prejudice of  
others. 2. To believe nothing of the kind  
till I am absolutely forced to it. 3. Never  
to drink in the spirit of one who circulates  
an evil report. 4. Always to moderate,  
as far as I can, the unkindness which is  
expressed towards others. 5. Always to  
believe that, if the other side were heard,  
a very different account would be given of  
the matter.—*Carus' Life of Simon.*

## Historical.

MEMOIR OF RHODE ISLAND.

1639.

By the body politic in the Isle of Aqued-  
net inhabiting this present 25th of 9th  
mo. 1639, in the fourteenth year of the  
reign of our sovereign Lord King Charles.

It is agreed, that as natural subjects to  
our prince and subject to his laws all  
matters that concern the peace shall be by  
those that are officers of the peace, trans-  
acted. And all actions of the case of debt  
shall be in such courts as by order are here  
appointed and by such judges as are ap-  
pointed, heard and legally determined.

Given at Newport on the quarter court  
day which was adjourned till this day.

WILLIAM DYRE, Sec'y.

Mr. Jeremy Clarke is chosen constable  
for one year or till a new one be chosen  
and is to attend that service according to  
the law in that case provided.

Mr. William Forster is chosen Clerke  
of the train band and is to attend that  
service till another be chosen, who is  
presently to take a view of the arms and to  
return the defects the next court but one.

It is ordered and agreed, upon, that the  
body of the people namely the Train Band  
shall have free liberty to select and choose  
such persons one or more from among  
themselves as they would have to be officers  
among them to exercise and train them and  
then to present them to the Magistrates for  
their approbation.

It is ordered that Mr. Robert Jeffries  
shall train the band for the present.

It is ordered that no man shall go two  
miles from the town unarmed either with  
gun or sword and that none shall come to  
any public meeting without his weapon,  
upon the default of either he shall forfeit  
five shillings.

It is further ordered that those Commis-  
sioners formerly appointed to negotiate the  
business with our brethren of Pocasset  
shall give them our proposition under their  
hands; and shall require their proposition  
under their hands with their answers and  
shall give reply unto it and so shall return  
to the body a brief of what they therein  
have done.

By order Mr. Easton and Mr. John  
Clarke, is desired to inform Mr. Vane by  
writing of the state of things here and  
desire him to treat about the obtaining of  
a patent of the Island from his Majesty,  
and likewise to write to Mr. Thomas Bar-  
wood brother to Mr. Easton concerning  
the same thing.

The Court is adjourned to this day three  
weeks.

At the particular Court holden the 3d of  
the 10th month 1639.

John Bartlett and John Hudson being  
convicted and as well by witness as their  
own confession, found guilty of the breach  
of the peace by their excess in drinking,  
is adjudged to pay five shillings a piece into  
the hands of the Constable according to  
the law in that case provided.

At the General Quarter Court which  
was adjourned to this present of the 10th  
month 1639.

Mr. Easton for breach of an order in  
coming to the public meeting without his  
weapon according to that order is to pay  
five shillings.

Whereas according to a former order  
Mr. Clarke was to assist Mr. Jeffries  
Treasurer for taking up of the accounts of  
the old Treasurer which accordingly they  
have done and exhibited the same into the  
Court which have passed and there is  
found to remain due to Mr. Coggeshall the  
sum of £57 2s 4d which the Treasurer  
now being shall pay unto him with all con-  
venient speed allowing sufficient satisfac-  
tion for the forbearance thereof from this  
present day.

It is ordered that those that are ap-  
pointed to lay forth the lands shell (in regard  
of some natural bounds lying near unto the  
farm of Mr. William Coddington Judge)  
have full power to add unto the said farm  
such parcel or parcels of land as may extend  
to those bounds according, as their discre-  
tion shall guide them when they come to a  
view thereof, provided that Mr. Coddington  
Judge shall pay into the Treasury so much  
money (according to the order) as the  
overplus of his proportion amounts unto.

It is ordered that the Treasurer shall  
pay no money unto any person till he be  
authorized by warrant signed under the  
hands of the Judge and some one of the  
Elders. The which shall be to him of  
sufficient authority to pay all such bills so  
designed.

It is agreed that William Cowley, Robert  
Field, George Gardiner, Robert Stanton,  
Thomas Clarke and Joseph Clarke, are  
admitted and embraced as free men into  
this body politic.

It is agreed and ordered that the Sec-  
retary shall take note of all damages of the  
town and shall implead such as shall be  
delinquents legally and in every defect  
thereof shall forfeit forty shillings.

It is ordered that there shall be sufficient  
fences either of hedge or post and rails

made about the corn grounds that shall be  
planted or sown by the first of May next,  
and if any man shall be found a delinquent  
therein he shall forfeit for every rod that is  
defective the sum of three shillings and  
four pence.

It is ordered that no man shall keep any  
hogs about the town except it be within  
his own inclosure after the 15th of April  
until the 15th of October upon the forfeit-  
ure of 4d a foot and the former orders are  
repealed.

It is ordered that there shall be provision  
made of Bulls into the town, a Bull to  
every twenty Cows and heifers by the 1st  
of May 1640.

It is ordered that keepers shall be ap-  
pointed to the several herds of cattle from  
the 15th of April to the 1st of November  
and that the spare cattle shall be separated  
from the Milk Beasts and kept at Sachois.

It is ordered that the land shall not be  
fired till the first of March and so for 14  
days to continue and that if either Indian  
or English shall fire any before or after  
they are liable to such damages as may be  
incurred thereby.

It is ordered that the Treasurer shall  
forthwith provide a pair of stocks and a  
whipping post to be set in some such place  
as he shall have order for in the town of  
Newport.

## IT'S WHAT YOU SPEND.

Under this caption, the Philadelphia  
Ledger makes some sensible remarks,  
which we copy, and to which we especial-  
ly refer all who are just setting out in life.

A wise



the days of his youth. Then no complaint was made against the printer if he was four months in arrears of the foreign news: now he is expected to convey it to his readers by lightning and to give more for a penny than they then received for

TOWER, were interred, and were followed to the grave by the Masonic Fraternity and the Artillery Company. Of the former he was a member, and the latter he at one time commanded.

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We would call particular attention to the ad-

Three daughters of the Rev. Mr. Perry, Methodist clergyman, residing near Harrisburg, Ky., were recently burned to death by the explosion of a can containing caustic soda.

**A CHANCE FOR BACHELORS.**—There are said to be sixteen thousand more women than men in Philadelphia.

after my decease."







# TO THE INVALIDS OF NEWPORT.

**PULVERMACH'S**  
HYDRO-ELECTRO-VOLTAIC CHAINS—  
are for the first time presented to the  
people of Newport and vicinity as being an  
entirely new, novel and efficient mode of applying Elec-  
tro-Magnetism, in the treatment of all  
curable diseases of the nervous system.

If the people of Newport are pleased with a  
long and successful advertisement, we are disposed  
to dispense for once, and give them a very brief  
notice of its history.

The Electric Chain was first discovered and  
used in France, about three years since, when the  
frequent and wonderful cures they produced of ner-  
vous diseases soon attracted the attention of the  
first Medical men in Paris, who still further test-  
ed their power and efficacy, and pronounced that they  
could be used to relieve pain, more quickly  
than could be done by Opium or any of its com-  
pounds. Within the last two years, they have been  
introduced into England, Germany, Austria,  
Prussia, Belgium and several other countries in  
those countries, and one year since introduced in  
the United States, and are now on exhibition  
in the Crystal Palace—they are highly recom-  
mended by Professor Mott—Van Buren—Post—Car-  
son, of New York, and are also used in every  
Hospital in that city.

**1000 DOLLARS**  
will be given to any person, who will produce  
any well authenticated certificate of cure of the  
following diseases as has been performed within  
the last year by the use of the Electric Chain.  
Nervous Headache, Painful and swollen joints,  
Rheumatism, Palsy of the heart,  
Neuralgia of the face,  
Deafness, Blindness,  
St. Vitus Dance, General Debility,  
Hysteria, Nervous Cough, Asthma,  
And all nervous diseases.

They are not recommended to cure all diseases  
but those above mentioned it is claimed and can  
be satisfactorily proved that no miserable, dis-  
graceful, filthy bottled nostrum, has ever performed  
such cures as the Chain, and no medicine it ever  
failed to produce instant relief, if not permanent  
cure.

In Female diseases more than one hundred  
cases have been cured within the last six months,  
that had previously baffled every other mode of  
treatment. Do not fail to call upon Mr. R. J.  
Taylor, and obtain a pamphlet containing a list  
of many cases cured, also giving an account of  
the mode of use.

The Chains are sold in all the principal cities  
in the United States and in foreign countries.  
R. J. TAYLOR, Agent for Newport and vicinity  
John Russell, Agent for Fall River  
Joseph Steiner, General Agent, 568 Broadway  
New York. Sept. 24.

# REMOVAL!!

**NEW STORE & NEW GOODS.**  
**STEPHEN HAMMETT,**  
DEALER IN  
FASHIONABLE  
READY MADE CLOTHING

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION would inform  
his customers and the public in general that  
he has removed from No. 212 to the new and  
spacious store

**NO. 174 THAMES STREET,**  
(on New York of the United States Hotel.)  
where a full and complete assortment of  
Fashionable Ready Made Clothing and Furnishing  
Goods of every description has just been re-  
ceived and may at all times be found on rea-  
sonable terms. Also the latest styles of

**HATS & CAPS.**  
TRUNKS, Valises, Carpet Bags, Umbrellas, and  
all other goods usually kept in a general out-  
fitting establishment. Please call and examine for  
yourself at the new store.

**NO. 174 THAMES STREET,**  
Newport, April 30.

# JUD'S BAKING POWDER!

BY THE USE of this powder one can make  
more healthy bread than the same amount of  
flour, and save the expense of yeast and milk  
required by the old method, shortening the amount  
of fuel consumed in baking, and saving time,  
trouble, care and uncertainty. In the ordinary  
method of raising bread with yeast, a large  
amount of the best portions of the flour is lost by  
the decaying process of fermentation. By actual  
trial which has been made, 100 lbs of flour, with  
yeast, makes 150 lbs of bread; while with the  
new method, 100 lbs of flour makes 180 lbs of bread,  
and this saving is effected by preventing the loss  
under fermentation. This powder contains no  
injurious substance, no alum, no marble dust,  
no blue vitriol, but is a simple nourishing  
compound, put up in distasteful packages.

The good qualities of these powders are thus  
spoken of:—  
"Jud's Powder is all it pretends to be. Our  
better half has tried it, and pronounces it an ad-  
mirable substitute for yeast."  
—*Woman's Herald and Household Journal, Boston.*  
For sale wholesale and retail by  
Feb. 9, 1854. **IRA BEAL, Jr.**

# STEAM JILL.

THIS SUBSCRIBER wish to call the atten-  
tion of his friends and the public generally to  
their Establishment, in the latter street, where they  
keep on hand and are constantly making  
Window Frames, Sashes, Blinds, Doors and Pine  
casing, and Mouldings of every description.  
Planing and Sawing of all kinds, such as Joist,  
Plank, Boards and Clapboards. All Work war-  
ranted.

Orders left with Messrs. FISCH & ENOS, will  
insure attention.  
GIBSON LAWTON & CO.  
Newport, Sept. 4, 1852—1

# MARINE & FIRE INSURANCE

THE AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY,  
PROVIDENCE, R. I.  
Insure, Marine and Fire Risks on the most  
favorable terms.

The Capital of said Company is \$150,000, all  
paid in and invested in Bank Stock  
in the City of Providence.

**DIRECTORS.**  
William Rhodes, Robert R. Stafford, Amos D  
Smith, Resolved Waterman, Shubael Hutchins  
Ebeneszer Kelly, George S. Rathbone, Caleb  
Harris, T. D. Bowen, Allen O. Peck, Samuel  
Trotter, James T. Rhodes, Walker Humphrey,  
E. L. Allen, O. Peck, President.

WALTER HENFREY, Secretary.  
Persons wanting Insurance or information con-  
cerning said Company, will please apply at  
OFFICE, WHAT CHEER BUILDING, PROVIDENCE  
or GEORGE BOWEN, Esq., Newport,  
Newport, July 3, 1852.

# KEEPING UP WITH THE TIMES

**AND LOW PRICES.**  
**New Fall and Winter Goods,**  
JUST ARRIVED

CONSISTING OF Beaver and Pilot Cloths  
Devoishies, Kerseys, Petersham and Coat-  
ing for Over Coats.  
Broadcloths, of all Colors, Dressings, Cas-  
simeres, Vesting, Vermont Cloths and Sattinets.  
A large assortment of Trimmings of all kind  
Furnishing Goods of all descriptions to be  
Chap's Cheap!! Cheap!!  
Oct. 23. **JOSEPH M. HAMMETT,** Tailor & Drap-  
er N. B. Cutting particularly attended to.

**HENRY H. YOUNG,**  
—DEALER IN—  
WEST INDIA GOODS, CHOICE FAMILY  
GROCERIES, SMOKED PROVISIONS,  
Flour, Sugar, Tea, Wine, Fruit, Havana  
and Principe Cigars, Pine Oil & Tallow,  
Confectionary, Fancy Goods, &c. &c.  
No. 66 & 68 Thames Street, corner Parade, op-  
posite Brook Market.

Goods sold at a moderate profit and sent to  
any part of the town free.

# The Store for the People

THIS SUBSCRIBER has received the Banner  
Cooking Stove, which is a good stove  
will please call and examine this perfect pro-  
duce. Also for sale Bay State, May Flower and other  
Cooking Stoves.  
WM. BROWNELL,  
Sept. 4, 1852. 194 Thames Street.

# EXTENSIVE SPRING SUPPLY

OF NEW AND CHOICE  
**GROCERIES,**  
JUST RECEIVED.

**NEWTON BROTHERS**  
OFFER FOR SALE an extensive stock of fresh  
and choice Family Groceries, as follows:—  
200 drums Figs,  
200 bags Almonds and Peanuts,  
4 bags Brazil Nuts and Filberts,  
4 bags Pecan Nuts and English Walnuts  
10 large Pure Ground Ginger,  
40 boxes Adamantine and Patent Candles  
40 cases English Sauces,  
100 boxes English Cheese,  
100 boxes Manufactured Tobacco,  
10 lbs Smoking and Chewing Tobacco,  
25 Jars Maceley's Syrup,  
40 lbs Scotch Whisky,  
50 boxes assorted Pipes,  
100 cases Pickled Oysters,  
5 cases Canned Peas,  
2 cases fresh Peaches,  
200 kgs Dutch Herring,  
100 boxes Olives and Capers,  
5 cases Sardines, assorted boxes,  
1000 pounds Water Pails,  
2000 reams Wrapping Paper,  
5 cases Cocoa Paste,  
10 boxes French Chocolate,  
5 cases American and London Mustard  
10 lbs Olive Oil,  
10 boxes Macaroni and Vermicelli,  
20 boxes Pepper Sauce,  
10 cases American and English Pickles,  
50 boxes Lemon Syrup,  
5 cases assorted Syrups,  
100 boxes Hunch and Layer Raisins,  
25 cases Raisins,  
2 cases Currants,  
10 boxes Citron,  
100 boxes Dried Apples and Peaches,  
5 cases French Prunes,  
10 boxes Macaroni and Vermicelli,  
100 packages new crop Tea,  
40 boxes brown Havana Sugar,  
10 boxes white Havana Sugar,  
20 lbs Refined Sugar,  
5 boxes standard Leaf Sugar,  
25 bags Laguna and Rio Coffee,  
20 packets Java and Mocha Coffee,  
5 cases Ground Coffee,  
75 lbs New Orleans Molasses,  
100 lbs superfine extra Flour,  
40 boxes Crotin Mills Flour,  
25 bags Rye and Graham Flour,  
10 cases extra Cincinnati Cured Hams,  
4 hds smoked Ham and Tongues,  
500 bags Fine Salt,  
5 cases extra fine Table Salt,  
10 lbs refined Lard,  
15 cases Prime Rice,  
100 boxes Family Soap,  
50 boxes Fancy and Castile Soap,  
20 boxes Pearl and Corn Starch,  
50 boxes refined Saleratus,  
2000 bundles Cotton Twine and Wicking,  
500 boxes choice and fine Segars.

With a great variety of tin-wares and deli-  
cacies, all of which will be sold wholesale and re-  
tail, at as low prices as goods of the same  
quality can be purchased in New York or any  
other city.  
April 8.

# NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS are now receiving their  
Spring stock of House Furnishing Dry Goods  
and Carpets, and respectfully invite the atten-  
tion of their customers generally, and particularly  
of those who are about furnishing Homes for the ap-  
proaching season, to their large and comprehen-  
sive assortment, which includes every article of dry  
goods requisite to Housekeepers; among them will  
be found European, French and American  
Blankets, Imperial Towels, Power Loom Quilts,  
Linen Sheetings, Pillow Case Linens, Table  
Damasks, Huckaback, Bordered Towels, Damask  
Napkins, Drapery Mullins, Sole de Laines, Print-  
ed Lastings, Table Covers, &c. and in the

**CARPET DEPARTMENT.**  
Velvet, Tapestry, Brussels, 3 Ply and all qualities  
of Ingrain Carpets, from the most celebrated  
factories, especially adapted to cottages, Oil Cloths  
of all widths, Canton Mattings, Door Mats, Stair  
Linens, &c.

Possessing as they do, every facility for obtain-  
ing goods on the most favorable terms, and mak-  
ing their selections with the utmost care, they are  
confident that they can offer more than ordi-  
nary inducements.

Purchasers can have their Carpets made up  
and laid, at the shortest notice.  
P. LAWTON & BROTHERS,  
April 8. 74 Thames St.

# FURNITURE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS have just received a  
large assortment of Household Furniture,  
which will be sold at lowest market prices; their  
stock consists of Mahogany Sofas, Lounges,  
Rocking Chairs, Spring and Stuffed-seated Sitting  
Chairs, Card Tables, Cottage Bedsteads of Ma-  
hogany and Black Walnut, Quilted Tables,  
Bureaus of Mahogany or Black Walnut; also,  
the new Square Chair, Cassin Extension  
Chair, together with an extensive assortment  
of common and low priced furniture, such as  
Bureaus, Bedsteads, Tables, Wash-stands,  
Trunks, Towel-holders, &c. &c. which they offer  
at the lowest prices. Please call and examine our  
Stock and Prices.

COFFINS of Mahogany, Black Walnut, Cherry  
and Pine, constantly on hand and furnished at  
the shortest notice.  
April 8, 1854. **LANGLEY & BENNETT.**

# TABLE COVERS.

CARPETS, COUNTERPANS, and BLANKETS  
CLEANED.  
THE SUBSCRIBER takes this method to in-  
form his friends and the public that he will  
cleanse in the best manner, at short notice, and on  
the most reasonable terms, all his mill in the  
Glen—Carpets, Counterpans, Blankets, Table  
Covers, &c. &c. Persons in Newport wishing his  
services as above, may leave their articles at  
the Store of F. DENNIS, in Broad street, or  
JOHN AILMAN, in Spring street; or by leaving  
their address, articles will be taken at their  
dwellings, and returned to them finished.—  
All favors thankfully received.  
Portsmouth, April 1, 1854—6m.

# PINNEO & CO.

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF  
**MILLINERY GOODS,**  
Having removed to their New Store,  
No. 76 CHAMBERS STREET,  
(First door West of Broadway)

Will keep constantly on hand a large and  
complete assortment of  
Silks, Ribbons, Crapes, Velvets,  
Flowers, Feathers, Laces,  
And other Goods in their line, of the latest  
and most fashionable style, which they offer  
to purchasers on the most favorable terms.  
Special care given to fitting orders.  
New York, May 6—6m.

# PAINTS, GLASS & C.

THE subscriber, having taken the store No. 1  
23 Long Wharf, for the purpose of carrying  
on the business of Painting and Glazing in all  
its branches, is prepared to execute all orders in  
his line in the most thorough manner. Particular  
attention paid to Graining and Sign painting,  
and the work warranted to give entire satisfac-  
tion, and share of patronage solicited.  
Feb 25. **JOHN C. STODDARD.**

# GLOVES.

Ladies Beaver Gloves,  
Ladies Lined Silk Gloves,  
Ladies Cashmere Gloves,  
Misses Thread, Linen Silk, and Woolen  
Gloves, at  
No. 15 **LANGLEY & NORMAN'S**

# FRESH TEAS.

Extra Fine Hyson,  
Fine and extra fine Young Hyson,  
Fine Gunpowder,  
Fine and extra fine Oolong,  
Fine Souchong,  
Extra fine English Breakfast,  
just received at 22 Broad Street.  
March 18. **CORNELL & DENNIS.**

# THE RELIABLEST POWERS OF EUROPE.

THIS new and popular picture, presenting like-  
lihoods of Queen Victoria, Emperor  
Nicholas, Napoleon III, Sultan of Turkey, Em-  
peror of Austria and King of Prussia, with other  
new and beautiful prints, just received by  
April 15. **B. H. TIDDALE & SON.**

# TEAS.

HYSON, Imperial Young Hyson, Oolong and  
English Breakfast, at  
April 28. **STANTON'S.**

# 500 BUSHES PLASTER HAIR, for sale

April 15. **J. H. & G. W. PERRY.**

# SOME

**Good Bargains.**  
**GEO. W. WARREN & CO.**

ON ACCOUNT OF IMPORTANT CHANGES  
—IN OUR—  
**Business Arrangements**  
BEFORE ANOTHER SPRING.

WE have determined to REDUCE, as rapidly  
as possible,  
**OUR PRESENT**  
**Stock of Goods.**  
To accomplish this purpose, we shall offer

**OUR WHOLE STOCK**  
—OF—  
**MORE THAN A QUARTER**  
—OF A—  
**MILLION DOLLARS VALUE,**  
Shawls, Silks,  
Dress Goods,  
Mantilles, Thin Goods,  
Hosiery, Articles,  
Laces, Embroideries,  
Hosiery, Gloves,  
Ginghams, Prints,  
—ALL—

**ARTICLES OF MOURNING.**  
**WHITE GOODS,**  
**OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,**  
—AND—  
**All other Articles of our Stock,**  
—AT—  
**LOWER PRICES**  
than have been made for three years!!

Our Stock is LARGE, NEW AND SELECT,  
in all the Departments, and **STRONG INDUCE-**  
**MENTS** will be held out to  
**Purchasers at Wholesale,**  
**AS WELL AS**  
**AT RETAIL.**

**GEO. W. WARREN & CO.,**  
**192 Washington St.,**  
**BOSTON.**  
May 50—6w

# DUFFIELD'S

**AMERICAN HAMS.**  
THE SUBSCRIBERS having received a fresh  
consignment of Duffield's Hams—the Pro-  
ducer's—carefully prepared to supply all or-  
ders for this unrivaled article. The mode of  
curing Hams, practiced by Duffield, of Louisi-  
ana, was first adopted in 1837, since which  
time the Duffield Hams have become extensively  
known in England and in this country, and at  
the Great Exhibition they took a prize, and  
although brought in competition with the finest  
hams from Westphalia. For tenderness, tex-  
ture and flavor, these Hams are unsurpassed.—  
They are cured under the immediate care of  
Duffield & Co., Louisiana, Kentucky, and are  
especially prepared for summer keeping, and  
their high standing in every market where they  
have been introduced, it is not necessary here  
to speak, they need only to be tested to give  
entire satisfaction. The Duffield Hams are used  
to all the principal hotels in the country.  
Orders for the above received, and the trade  
supplied on favorable terms.  
O. SHERMAN & CO.,  
84 Market square, Sole Agents for Newport.  
May 6, 1854—12.

# FURNITURE.

A new and fashionable lot of  
Furniture  
just received by  
**COTTRELL & BRYER,**  
consisting of Wardrobes, Sofas, Tables, Tates,  
Lounge Bedsteads, Card Tables, Extension  
Bureaus, Bedsteads, Side-boards, What-Nots,  
Teapots, Quilted Ottomans, Chairs, Looking  
Glasses, &c.

All of which will be sold at the lowest market  
price. Coffins of all descriptions manufactured at  
the shortest notice.  
**COTTRELL & BRYER,**  
April 22, 1854—1y 37 Church st.

# BOOTS & SHOES.

THE SUBSCRIBER having purchased and fit-  
ted up in elegant style the large and well  
arranged Store two doors South of his old stand  
and next North of James Hammond's, would now  
announce to his friends and the public, that he has  
generally to his new and varied stock of Boots  
Shoes, &c. With his present arrangements he is  
enabled to execute all orders with the greatest  
despatch, and he pledges himself to give entire  
satisfaction to all who patronize him with their cus-  
tom. New Goods constantly received and for  
sale at the lowest market prices, and every arti-  
cle in his line made to order and warranted to fit.

Portsmouth, April 1, 1854—6m.

# PINNEO & CO.

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF  
**MILLINERY GOODS,**  
Having removed to their New Store,  
No. 76 CHAMBERS STREET,  
(First door West of Broadway)

Will keep constantly on hand a large and  
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Silks, Ribbons, Crapes, Velvets,  
Flowers, Feathers, Laces,  
And other Goods in their line, of the latest  
and most fashionable style, which they offer  
to purchasers on the most favorable terms.  
Special care given to fitting orders.  
New York, May 6—6m.

# PAINTS, GLASS & C.

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THIS new and popular picture, presenting like-  
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Nicholas, Napoleon III, Sultan of Turkey, Em-  
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April 28. **STANTON'S.**

# 500 BUSHES PLASTER HAIR, for sale

April 15. **J. H. & G. W. PERRY.**

# THE RENOWNED REMEDY!

**HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.**  
An extraordinary Ointment is composed of the  
most healing balsams, and when used in ac-  
cordance with the directions which it accom-  
panies, will insure cures when all other  
means fail. Cases of the most desperate Skin  
diseases readily yield to its efficacy. It is  
famous when used in cases of Gout, Rheuma-  
tism, Contracted or Stiff Joints. In Asthma  
it will do wonders if well rubbed into the  
Chest.

A MOST ASTONISHING CURE OF SCROFUL-  
OUS ULCERS.—A CASE CERTIFIED  
BY THE MAYOR OF BOSTON, ENGLAND.  
Copy of a Letter from J. Noble Esq., Mayor of  
Boston, Lincolnshire.

To PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY,  
Dear Sir,—Mrs. Sarah Dixon of Ligonport  
Bristol, has this day deposited before me a  
copy of a considerable perfect cure, which was ac-  
complished by your Ointment, directed for the  
affliction with Scrofulous Sores and Ulcers in her  
arms, feet, legs, and other parts of her body; and  
although the first of medical advice was obtained  
at the course of a large sum of money, she ob-  
tained no abatement of suffering, but gradually  
recovered.

Being recommended by a friend to try your  
Ointment, she procured a small pot, and a box of  
the Pills, and before that was a used, symptoms  
of amendment appeared. By persevering with  
the medicines for a short time longer, according  
to the directions, and strictly attending to your  
rules as to diet, &c. she was perfectly cured, and  
now enjoys the best of health.

I remain, Dear Sir, yours truly,  
J. NOBLE.  
Dated April 12th, 1853.

AN EXTRAORDINARY AND RAPID CURE  
OF ERYSIPELAS IN THE LEG, AFTER  
MEDICAL AID HAD FAILED.  
Copy of a Letter from J. Noble Esq., Mayor of  
Boston, Lincolnshire.

To PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY,  
Dear Sir,—I suffered for a considerable period from  
a severe attack of Erysipelas, which at length set-  
tled on my leg, and rendered it very painful. My  
sufferings were very great, and I quite des-  
paired of any permanent amendment, when I was  
advised to have recourse to your Ointment and  
Pills. I did so without delay, and am happy to say  
that the cure was effected in a very short time. The  
effect was a radical cure of my leg and restored me  
to the enjoyment of health. I shall ever speak  
with the utmost confidence of your medicines, and  
have recommended them to others in this neigh-  
borhood similarly afflicted, who derived equal ben-  
efit.

I am, Sir, your obliged and faithful servant,  
ELIZABETH YEATES.  
The Pills should be used conjointly with the Ointment  
most of the time.

Bad Legs Cancers Scalds  
Blisters Erysipelas Sore Throats  
Bones Stiff Joints Sore Nipples  
Bumps Elephantiasis Skin Diseases  
Bite of Mosquitoes Fissures Sore Heads  
and Sand-Flies Gout  
Chest-Pain Glandular Swellings Tumors  
Chapped Hands Lumbago Ulcers  
Chopped Hands Rheumatism Yaws  
&c. &c. (See)

Sold at the Establishment of Professor Holloway, 244  
Street (near Temple Bar) London, and by all respectable  
Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the British  
Empire, and in the United States, by the principal Druggists  
&c. &c. Price 25 Cents per Box. Five Boxes for \$1.

There is a considerable saving by taking the larger size.  
N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every dis-  
ease, also an account of the medicine, and the mode of using  
it, are given in the accompanying Pamphlet.

Agents for Newport, HAZARD & CASWELL  
and R. J. TAYLOR. Dec. 24—6w.

# COTTRELL'S

**INDEPENDENT NATIONAL BRIDGE.**  
THE INVENTOR of this bridge having made  
a great improvement on the old patent,  
and taken measures to secure the improvement  
thereof, takes this method to notify the pub-  
lic that he is prepared to build bridges over various  
rivers for the following prices, that is, to do the  
carpenter's work, for a bridge of the following  
lengths:—

100 feet in the clear of abutments, \$100  
200 feet in the clear of abutments, 400  
300 feet in the clear of abutments, 600  
400 feet in the clear of abutments, 800  
500 feet in the clear of abutments, 1,000  
600 feet in the clear of abutments, 1,200  
700 feet in the clear of abutments, 1,400  
800 feet in the clear of abutments, 1,600  
900 feet in the clear of abutments, 1,800  
1,000 feet in the clear of abutments, 2,000  
1,100 feet in the clear of abutments, 2,200  
1,200 feet in the clear of abutments, 2,400  
1,300 feet in the clear of abutments, 2,600  
1,400 feet in the clear of abutments, 2,800  
1,500 feet in the clear of abutments, 3,000

The patent right will be \$2 a foot.  
N.B.—A Bridge of any required magnitude,  
strength and beauty can be built on this plan.  
These prices will not be varied on account of  
deep rapid rivers, as I can build as cheap over  
the water as over dry land. Address  
N. M. CHAFFEE,  
210 THAMES STREET,  
NEWPORT, R. I.

# N. M. Chaffee,

**PRACTICAL PLUMBER**  
210 THAMES STREET,  
no doors North of Custom House.

HAVING FITTED UP his extensive Establish-  
ment in the best manner to display his va-  
ried assortment, calls attention to his Water  
Closets, Pumps of Copper and Iron, from the  
single action to the double forcing, and the  
superior Chain Pumps, with curbs of his own pa-  
tent, and all the latest improvements in the  
cold shower Baths, vertical Boilers, arranged on  
the most approved plans, Wash Basins of every  
pattern and style conceived of—all of which are  
new and of the quality of the best market  
price, and fitted in a satisfactory manner.

Particular attention paid to SHIP PLUMBING  
and CASINOS, and arrangements have been made  
with the manufacturers in Boston to furnish every  
variety of Gutter Percha, in pipes or in sheets  
which will be fitted to any use at the shortest  
notice.

All orders attended to with neatness and dis-  
patch and all work warranted. Jan. 22.

# TIMELY HINTS TO ALL.

How many have lost a father, a mother, a sis-  
ter, a brother, or an innocent little prattling child,  
—and have not even the shadow of a recom-  
pense!—After the separation some little toy or trinket article of apparel, often is  
kept for years, and cherished as a token of re-  
membrance how much more valuable would be  
one of Williams' perfect Daguerreotype Mini-  
atures of the "loved and lost!"

There is scarcely any one who does not take  
pleasure in gazing on the features of a friend, and  
when that friend has been removed by death, we  
often hear the exclamation, uttered with an ex-  
pression of deep regret, "Oh, what would I not  
have for such a picture of my friend!"

Reader, perhaps, you cannot do a better thing  
now, while your mind is upon the subject, than  
take an hour or two, and by yourself, or with  
your family, or your friends, and visit the only  
gallery in town; and if not now, you may at  
any future period have reason to feel gratified  
in these "gentle hints" from  
J. A. WILLIAMS,  
Daguerreotype Artist  
Oct. 26, 1850.

# ORANGES & LETONS.

A NEW SUPPLY of the above  
STANTON'S,  
95 Thames St.  
April 29.

Poston City and R. I. Hams received  
this day for Election, and sell at 1